

Financial Needs Summary



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Introduction

What is Financial Planning?

Financial planning can be a life-long process that assists you and your family in taking control of your financial future. By setting financial goals, developing and implementing financial strategies, and monitoring progress on a regular basis, the likelihood of achieving your results is greatly increased.

There are usually five steps in the preparation of a professional financial plan:

1. An Opening Interview to assess your current financial situation and to identify your priorities and concerns.
2. Gathering information to develop a Profile of your current situation, including a review of your financial information and relevant documents. We will analyze this data to be certain we understand your unique situation and how to address it.
3. Presenting the planning analysis during a strategy session allowing you to understand where you are in relation to where you want to be in the future.
4. Using the plan as a blueprint, develop an Implementation schedule and identify specific products and services to help you reach your goals.
5. The last step in the process is the Periodic Review of your financial situation. At a minimum, we recommend you assess the need for any changes annually. Even the best financial plan must be monitored on a regular basis to make sure you are continuing in the right direction.

Why develop a financial plan?

Most people find that managing their finances is a challenge. We face many opportunities, obstacles, and hazards along the way. We struggle with anxiety relating to our personal financial circumstances. Further, many families are too busy dealing with the challenges of day-to-day life to think about next month; let alone retirement, which may be twenty years or more into the future.

By developing a financial plan, you and your family:

- Will have a better understanding of your current financial situation.
- Determine attainable retirement, education, insurance, and other financial goals.
- Review goals, funding strategies, and alternatives where goals have to be compromised.
- Have the necessary financial resources set aside to fund your goals as they occur.
- Reduce the effect of unexpected events, such as disability, premature death, etc.

James' Education Goal

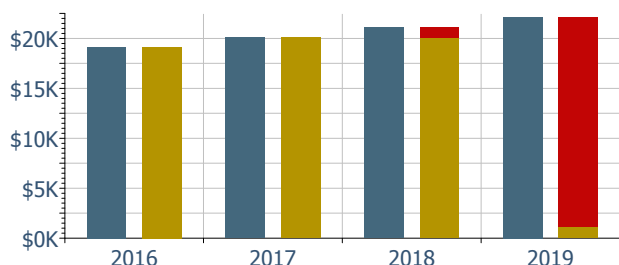
You have indicated you wish to establish an investment plan to fund the following education goal:

	Member	Current Age	Education Starts at	Estimated Costs/yr	Years of Education	Index Rate	Estimated Actual Cost
Current	James	13	18	\$15,000	4	5.00%	\$82,514
Proposed	James	13	18	\$15,000	4	5.00%	\$82,514

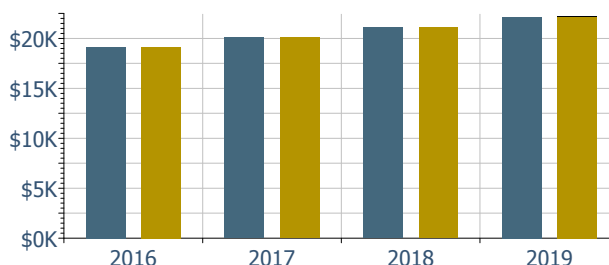
The graphs below illustrate needs vs. abilities for your education scenarios.

Education Needs Vs. Abilities

Current



Proposed



	Current	Proposed
Available Assets	\$35,000	\$35,000
Return Rate	5.94%	8.21%
Assumed Monthly Savings	\$100	\$212
Required Additional Monthly Savings	\$195	\$0
Required Additional Lump Sum Savings	\$16,073	\$0

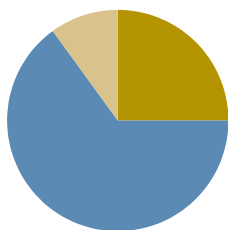
Consider the following:

- Alternatively, increase your monthly savings by \$0 to fund your education goal.
- Consider allocating additional assets to meet your education goals.
- If you have not already reviewed the benefits of a Coverdell Education Savings Account, consult with your tax advisor to determine your eligibility to contribute to this type of account.
- Review opportunities and eligibility for scholarship programs and financial aid. Keep in mind that not all financial aid is based on need.

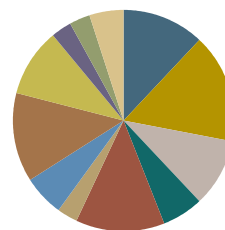
Asset Allocation for James' Education Goal - Proposed

These pie graphs illustrate your current asset mix and suggested asset mix for your education goal.

Current Asset Mix



**Suggested Asset Mix
Moderate**



Rate of Return	5.94%
Standard Deviation	9.45%

Rate of Return	8.21%
Standard Deviation	13.30%

The table below provides a breakdown of the percentages and dollar values for each asset class in the current and suggested asset mix. The *Change* column indicates the rebalancing required to reach the suggested asset mix.

Asset Class	Current Asset Mix		Change		Suggested Asset Mix	
	(%)	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)	(\$)
Large Cap Growth Equity			+12.0	+4,200	12.0	4,200
Large Cap Value Equity	25.0	8,750	-9.0	-3,150	16.0	5,600
Mid Cap Equity			+10.0	+3,500	10.0	3,500
Small Cap Equity			+6.0	+2,100	6.0	2,100
International Equity			+13.0	+4,550	13.0	4,550
Emerging Markets Equity			+3.0	+1,050	3.0	1,050
Long Term Bonds	65.0	22,750	-59.0	-20,650	6.0	2,100
Intermediate Term Bonds			+13.0	+4,550	13.0	4,550
Short Term Bonds			+10.0	+3,500	10.0	3,500
High Yield Bonds			+3.0	+1,050	3.0	1,050
International Bonds			+3.0	+1,050	3.0	1,050
Cash	10.0	3,500	-5.0	-1,750	5.0	1,750
Total	100.0	35,000	+0.0	+0	100.0	35,000

Note: The reallocation table above does not reflect the tax effects that may occur when reallocating your assets; these tax effects are accounted for at the end of the year.

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James' Education Goal - Current

*74%

This scenario covers 74% of the desired James' Education Goal goal objectives.



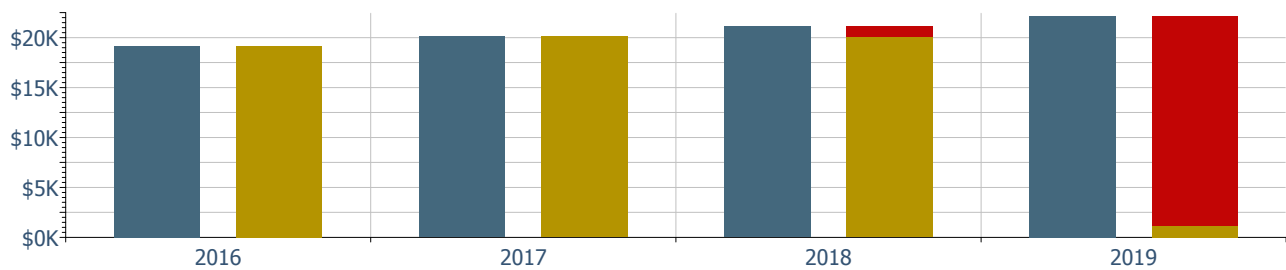
*This represents your total education needs covered by your total education resources during the education period.

Assumptions

The following table details the key assumptions used in the generation of this scenario:

Desired Expenses Covered (Annual Goal Amount)	100% (\$15,000)
Start Year (Duration)	2016 (4 years)
Current Monthly Savings	\$100
Index Rate	5.00%
Investment Objective (ROR)	Current - Rebalanced (5.94%)

Analysis



Desired Needs	Ability to Cover Needs	Shortfall	Surplus
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- Capital at Start of Goal: \$53,674
- Capital at End of Goal: \$0
- Year Capital Exhausted: 2019

James' Education Goal - Proposed

*100%

This scenario covers 100% of the desired James' Education Goal goal objectives.



*This represents your total education needs covered by your total education resources during the education period.

Assumptions

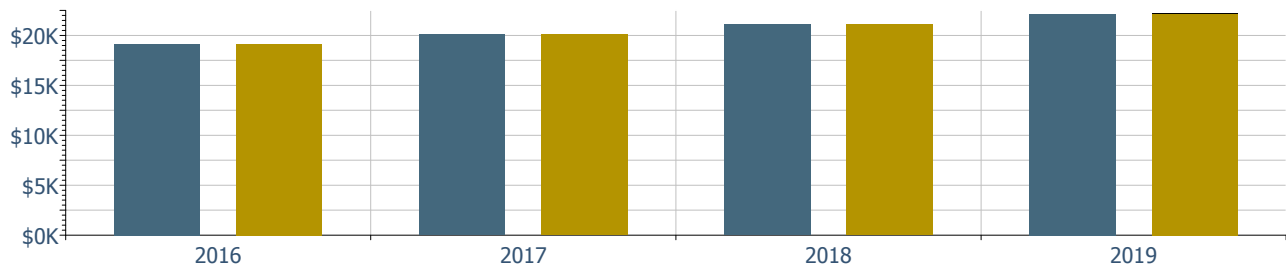
The following table details the key assumptions used in the generation of this scenario:

Desired Expenses Covered (Annual Goal Amount)	100% (\$15,000)
Start Year (Duration)	2016 (4 years)
Additional Lump-Sum Savings	\$0
Current Monthly Savings	\$100
Change in Monthly savings	\$112
Total Monthly Savings	\$212
Index Rate	5.00%
Investment Objective (ROR)	Moderate (8.21%)

Note: Numbers in bold indicate a change from the Current Plan.

Note: Information in the table above is for the February 1, 2011 period. Any strategies occurring in the future are not displayed in this table.

Analysis



- Capital at Start of Goal: \$67,114
- Capital at End of Goal: \$0
- Year Capital Exhausted: 2019

Tasha's Education Goal

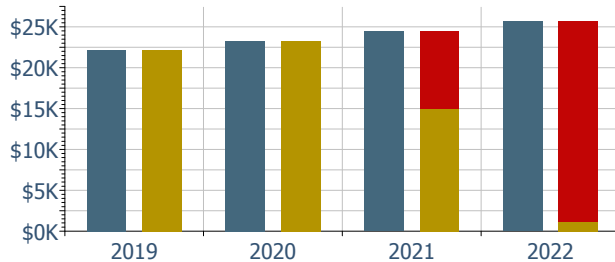
You have indicated you wish to establish an investment plan to fund the following education goal:

	Member	Current Age	Education Starts at	Estimated Costs/yr	Years of Education	Index Rate	Estimated Actual Cost
Current	Tasha	10	18	\$15,000	4	5.00%	\$95,520
Proposed	Tasha	10	18	\$15,000	4	5.00%	\$95,520

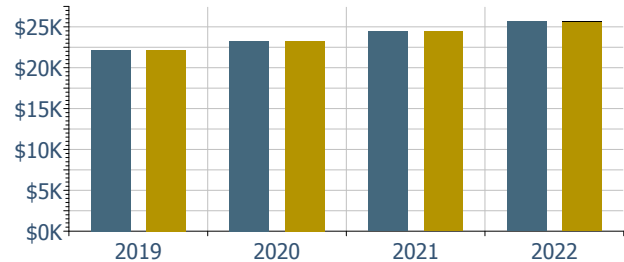
The graphs below illustrate needs vs. abilities for your education scenarios.

Education Needs Vs. Abilities

Current



Proposed



■ Desired Needs	■ Ability to Cover Needs	■ Shortfall	■ Surplus
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	Current	Proposed
Available Assets	\$27,000	\$27,000
Return Rate	5.94%	8.21%
Assumed Monthly Savings	\$100	\$221
Required Additional Monthly Savings	\$207	\$0
Required Additional Lump Sum Savings	\$22,144	\$0

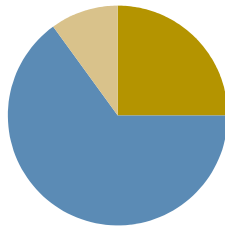
Consider the following:

- Alternatively, increase your monthly savings by \$0 to fund your education goal.
- Consider allocating additional assets to meet your education goals.
- If you have not already reviewed the benefits of a Coverdell Education Savings Account, consult with your tax advisor to determine your eligibility to contribute to this type of account.
- Review opportunities and eligibility for scholarship programs and financial aid. Keep in mind that not all financial aid is based on need.

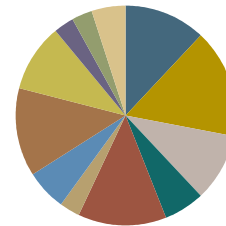
Asset Allocation for Tasha's Education Goal - Proposed

These pie graphs illustrate your current asset mix and suggested asset mix for your education goal.

Current Asset Mix



**Suggested Asset Mix
Moderate**



Rate of Return	5.94%
Standard Deviation	9.45%

Rate of Return	8.21%
Standard Deviation	13.30%

The table below provides a breakdown of the percentages and dollar values for each asset class in the current and suggested asset mix. The *Change* column indicates the rebalancing required to reach the suggested asset mix.

Asset Class	Current Asset Mix		Change		Suggested Asset Mix	
	(%)	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)	(\$)
Large Cap Growth Equity			+12.0	+3,240	12.0	3,240
Large Cap Value Equity	25.0	6,750	-9.0	-2,430	16.0	4,320
Mid Cap Equity			+10.0	+2,700	10.0	2,700
Small Cap Equity			+6.0	+1,620	6.0	1,620
International Equity			+13.0	+3,510	13.0	3,510
Emerging Markets Equity			+3.0	+810	3.0	810
Long Term Bonds	65.0	17,550	-59.0	-15,930	6.0	1,620
Intermediate Term Bonds			+13.0	+3,510	13.0	3,510
Short Term Bonds			+10.0	+2,700	10.0	2,700
High Yield Bonds			+3.0	+810	3.0	810
International Bonds			+3.0	+810	3.0	810
Cash	10.0	2,700	-5.0	-1,350	5.0	1,350
Total	100.0	27,000	+0.0	+0	100.0	27,000

Note: The reallocation table above does not reflect the tax effects that may occur when reallocating your assets; these tax effects are accounted for at the end of the year.

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Tasha's Education Goal - Current

*65% This scenario covers 65% of the desired Tasha's Education Goal goal objectives.



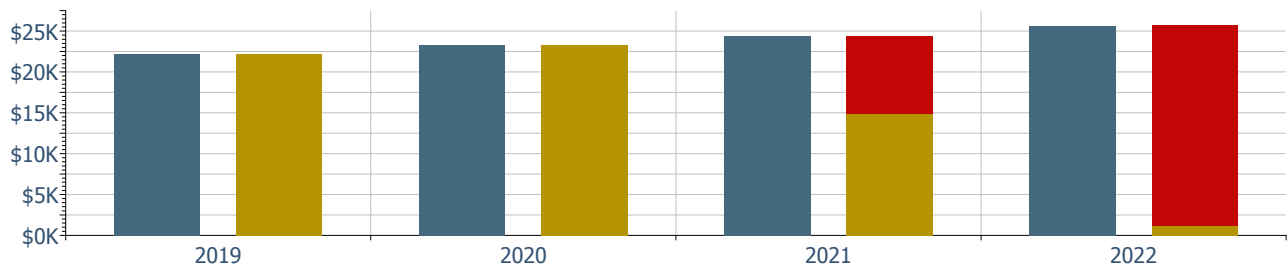
*This represents your total education needs covered by your total education resources during the education period.

Assumptions

The following table details the key assumptions used in the generation of this scenario:

Desired Expenses Covered (Annual Goal Amount)	100% (\$15,000)
Start Year (Duration)	2019 (4 years)
Current Monthly Savings	\$100
Index Rate	5.00%
Investment Objective (ROR)	Current - Rebalanced (5.94%)

Analysis



Desired Needs	Ability to Cover Needs	Shortfall	Surplus
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- Capital at Start of Goal: \$55,063
- Capital at End of Goal: \$0
- Year Capital Exhausted: 2022

Tasha's Education Goal - Proposed

*100%

This scenario covers 100% of the desired Tasha's Education Goal goal objectives.



*This represents your total education needs covered by your total education resources during the education period.

Assumptions

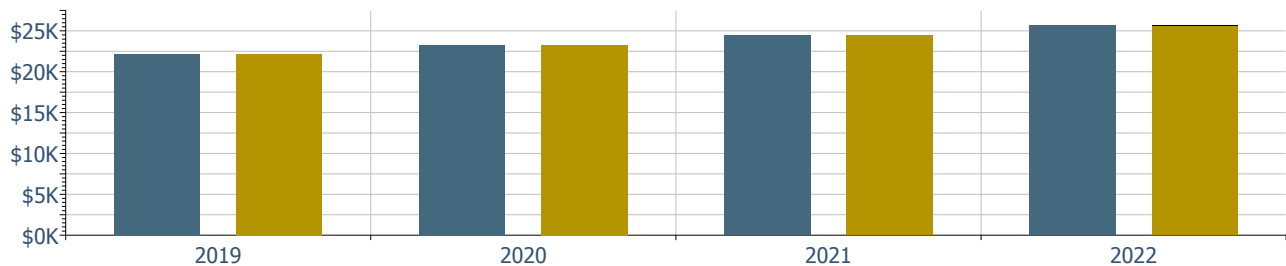
The following table details the key assumptions used in the generation of this scenario:

Desired Expenses Covered (Annual Goal Amount)	100% (\$15,000)
Start Year (Duration)	2019 (4 years)
Additional Lump-Sum Savings	\$0
Current Monthly Savings	\$100
Change in Monthly savings	\$121
Total Monthly Savings	\$221
Index Rate	5.00%
Investment Objective (ROR)	Moderate (8.21%)

Note: Numbers in bold indicate a change from the Current Plan.

Note: Information in the table above is for the February 1, 2011 period. Any strategies occurring in the future are not displayed in this table.

Analysis



 Desired Needs	 Ability to Cover Needs	 Shortfall	 Surplus
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- Capital at Start of Goal: \$78,951
- Capital at End of Goal: \$0
- Year Capital Exhausted: 2022

Conclusion

Now that you have reviewed the *Financial Needs Summary* report for both your current and proposed analyses, where do you go from here? Our recommendations are as follows:

1. **Review this document** – Ensure you understand the information contained in the report. Be sure to ask questions on areas that need clarification.
2. **Implement the Plan** – We will discuss a schedule to implement the action plan items we have agreed on. We need to establish a reliable follow-up method for strategies that start at a future date. Make sure it is clear who is responsible for implementing the task. Which items are you responsible for initiating? Which actions are the responsibilities of your other professional advisors: attorney, accountant, etc.? A checklist for these tasks is useful.
3. **Review your plan** – Review it on a regular basis, generally once a year. In addition, review it whenever a major change occurs in your family, such as changes in employment, birth of a child, new income or expenses, etc. You may need to adjust your plan in light of any new circumstances.

A final thought!

Remember to maintain a long-term focus with your plan. Do not expect to anticipate every curve in the road, but be prepared to adjust your plan when necessary. Your analysis is not a single event but a journey that may cover ten, twenty and thirty years or longer.

Disclaimer

IMPORTANT: Please read this section carefully. It contains an explanation of some of the limitations of this report.

IMPORTANT: The calculations or other information generated by NaviPlan regarding the likelihood of various investment outcomes are hypothetical in nature, do not reflect actual investment results, and are not guarantees of future results.

Below is an outline of several specific limitations of the calculations of financial models in general and of NaviPlan specifically.

The Calculations Contained in This Report Depend in Part, on Personal Data That You Provide

The assumptions used in this analysis are based on information provided and reviewed by you. These assumptions must be reconsidered on a frequent basis to ensure the results are adjusted accordingly. The smallest of changes in assumptions can have a dramatic impact on the outcome of this analysis. Any inaccurate representation by you of any facts or assumptions used in this analysis invalidates the results.

This Report is Not a Comprehensive Financial Report and Does Not Include, Among Other Things, a Review of Your Insurance Policies

We have made no attempt to review your property and liability insurance policies (auto and homeowners, for example). We strongly recommend that in conjunction with this analysis, you consult with your property and liability agent to review your current coverage to ensure it continues to be appropriate. In doing so, you may wish to review the dollar amount of your coverage, the deductibles, the liability coverage (including an umbrella policy), and the premium amounts.

NaviPlan Does Not Constitute Legal, Accounting, or Tax Advice

This analysis does not constitute advice in the areas of legal, accounting or tax. It is your responsibility to consult with the appropriate professionals in those areas either independently or in conjunction with this planning process.

Circular 230: Any income tax, estate tax or gift tax advice contained within this document was not intended or written to be used for, and cannot be used for, the purpose of avoiding penalties that may be imposed.

Discussion of the Limits of Financial Modeling

Inherent Limitations in Financial Model Results

Investment outcomes in the real world are the result of a near infinite set of variables, few of which can be accurately anticipated. Any financial model, such as NaviPlan, can only consider a small subset of the factors that may affect investment outcomes and the ability to accurately anticipate those few factors is limited. For these reasons, investors should understand that the calculations made in this analysis are hypothetical, do not reflect actual investment results, and are not guarantees of future results.

Results May Vary With Each Use and Over Time

The results presented in this analysis are not predictions of actual results. Actual results may vary to a material degree due to external factors beyond the scope and control of this analysis. Historical data is used to produce future assumptions used in the analysis, such as rates of return. Utilizing historical data has limitations as past performance is not a guarantee or predictor of future performance.

Outline of the Limitations of NaviPlan and Financial Modeling

Your Future Resources and Needs May Be Different From the Estimates That You Provide

This analysis is intended to help you in making decisions on your financial future based, in part, on information that you have provided and reviewed. The proposed asset allocation presented in this analysis is based, in part, on your answers to a risk tolerance questionnaire and may represent a more aggressive—and therefore more risky—investment strategy than your current asset allocation mix.

The calculations contained in the report utilize the information that you have provided and reviewed including, but not limited to, your age, tolerance for investment risk, income, assets, liabilities, anticipated expenses, and likely retirement age. Some of this information may change in unanticipated ways in the future and those changes may make NaviPlan less useful.

NaviPlan Considers Investment in Only a Few Broad Investment Categories

NaviPlan utilizes this information to estimate your future needs and financial resources and to identify an allocation of your current and future resources, given your tolerance for investment risk, to a few broad investment categories: large-cap equity, mid-cap equity, small-cap equity, international equity, emerging equity, bonds, and cash.

In general, NaviPlan favors the investment categories that have higher historical and expected returns. The extent of the recommended allocation to these favored investment categories is limited by the investor's disclosed tolerance for risk. In general, higher returns are associated with higher risk.

These broad investment categories are not specific securities, funds, or investment products and NaviPlan is not an offer or solicitation to purchase any securities or investment products. The assumed rates of return of these broad categories are based on the returns of indices. These indices do not include fees or operating expenses and are not available for investment. These indices are unmanaged and the returns are shown for illustrative purposes only.

It is important to note that the broad categories that are used are not comprehensive and other investments that are not considered may have characteristics that are similar or superior to the categories that are used in NaviPlan.

NaviPlan Calculates Investment Returns Far Into the Future Using Ibbotson Data

For all asset class forecasts, Ibbotson uses the building block approach to generate expected return estimates. The building block approach uses current market statistics as its foundation and adds historical performance relationships to build expected return forecasts. This approach separates the expected return of each asset class into three components: the real risk-free rate, expected inflation, and risk premia. The real risk-free rate is the return that can be earned without incurring any default or inflation risk. Expected inflation is the additional reward demanded to compensate investors for future price increases, and risk premia measures the additional reward demanded for accepting uncertainty associated with investing in a given asset class. Any calculation of future returns of any asset category, including any calculation using historical returns as a guide, has severe limitations. Changes in market conditions or economic conditions can cause investment returns in the future to be very different from returns in the past. Returns realized in the future can, in fact, be much lower, or even negative, for all or some of these asset categories and, if so, the calculations in NaviPlan will be less useful.

Any assets, including the broad asset categories considered in NaviPlan, that offer potential profits also entail the possibility of losses.

Furthermore, it is significant that the historical data for these investment categories does not reflect investment fees or expenses that an investor would pay when investing in securities or investment products. The fees and expenses would significantly reduce net investment returns and a calculation taking account of fees and expenses would result in lower expected asset values in the future.

NaviPlan Calculations Include Limited Accounting for Taxes

The federal and state income tax laws are extremely complex and subject to continuous change. NaviPlan has limited capability to model any individual's tax liability, and future tax laws may be significantly different from current tax laws. Any changes in tax law may affect returns for any given investment and make the calculations produced by NaviPlan less useful. The calculations contain limited support for the tax impact on transfers of money or redemptions of funds.

NaviPlan Calculations Do Not Include Fees and Expenses

The calculations utilize return data that do not include fees or operating expenses. If included, fees and other operating expenses would materially reduce these calculations. Recommendations included in the calculations to redeem funds from certain investments or transfer money to others do not account for fees and charges that may be incurred.

NaviPlan Calculations May Include Variable Products

Variable life insurance policies or deferred variable annuities are inherently risky and may be included in the calculations. The return rate assumptions used throughout this analysis do not relate to the underlying product illustrated. These returns should not be used as a proxy for actual performance as they may exaggerate the performance potential of the underlying investment accounts (subaccounts). Any calculations incorporating variable products are hypothetical and intended to show how the performance of the underlying subaccounts could affect the value and death benefit of the variable products; these calculations are not intended to predict or project investment results.

The rates of return have not been adjusted to include mortality and expense fees attributable to variable annuities. These fees, and their effects on asset growth, are accounted for as a monthly expense of the annuity contract and can be observed in applicable net worth reports.

If a variable annuity included in this analysis contains a guaranteed minimum withdrawal rider, it is important to understand that if the contract value is greater than the guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefit once withdrawals begin, as an investor you will have paid for the rider and not actually used it.

Income taxes during the annuitization phase are accounted for in the calculations. See the section titled NaviPlan Calculations Include Limited Accounting for Taxes in this Disclaimer for further information on the tax methodology used.